

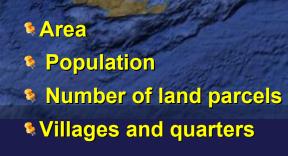
## IMPORTANCE OF LAND REGISTRY AND CADASTRE INFORMATION SYSTEM (TAKBIS) IN TURKEY



# Yusuf MEŞHURHead of Technical DepartmentS.Gökçe TURANMsc.Engineer



YUSUF MEŞHUR



## :783.600 Km<sup>2</sup>

- : 74 millions (2008)
- : 65 millions 40°45′55.58″ к 34°24′33.56″ D
- : 52.681



Bakış irtifası 1010.22 mil



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## **HISTORICAL BACKGROUND**

THE FIRST LAND REGISTRY ORGANISATION WAS ESTABLISHED IN 21 MAY 1847.

►GENERAL DIRECTORATE OF LAND REGISTRY and CADASTRE (TKGM) FOUNDED IN 22 APRIL 1925 WITH THE REPUBLIC.

►TKGM IS CURENTLY TIED TO THE MINISTRY OF PUBLIC WORKS AND SETTLEMENTS SINCE 27 NOVEMBER 2002.





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## **DUTIES of TKGM**

► TO KEEP AND UPDATE LAND REGISTRY AND CADASTRE SYSTEM OF THE COUNTRY UNDER THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE TREASURE,

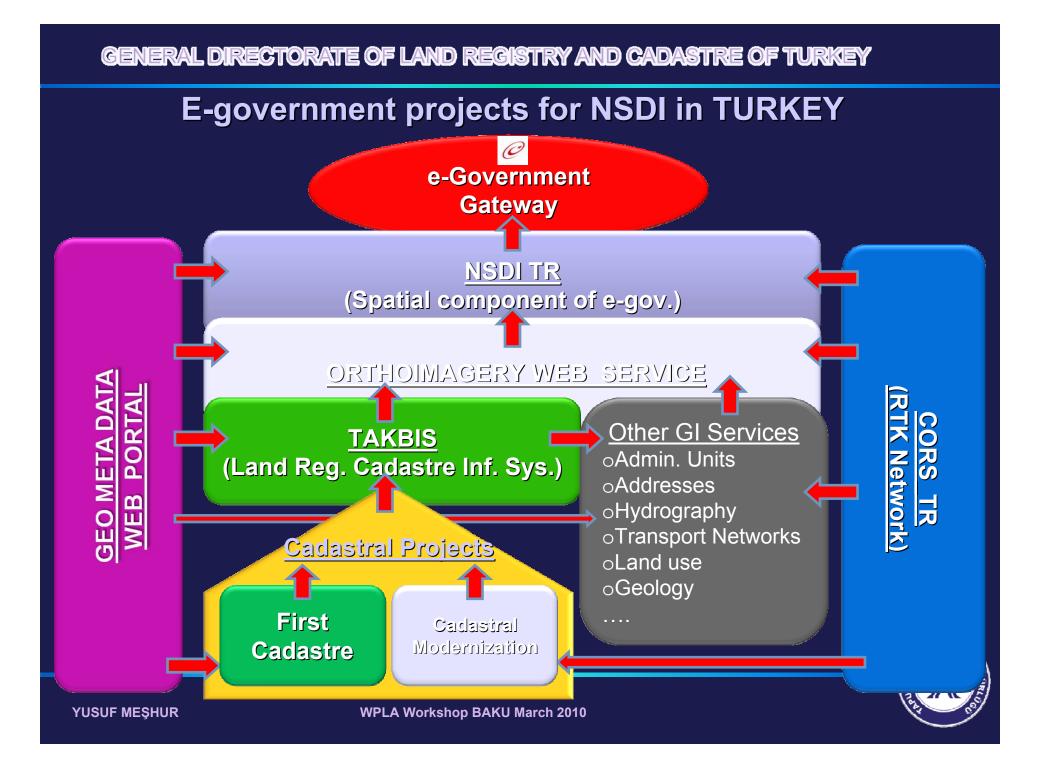
▶ TO PERFORM TRANSACTIONS RELATED TO REAL ESTATE,

► TO ESTABLISH TURKISH NATINONAL SPATIAL INFORMATION SYSTEM

ANNUALLY 6 MILLION TRANSACTIONS ARE DONE AND GIVEN SERVICE ~20 MILLIONS CITIZENS



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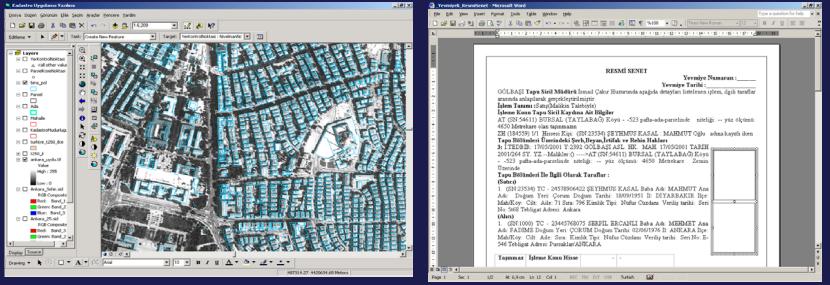
## **TAKBIS (Land Registry and Cadastre Information System)**

TAKBIS is a strategic e-government project. Its basic aims can be listed as:

- Collecting and integrating all required data (registry, cadastre, archieve, etc.) from TKGM units,
- To start correction procedures for erroneous data after integration,
- Planning, management and supply TKGM daily services used by citizens and organizations in a more healthy, more rapid, and more reliable manner by using hi-tech tools,
- To serve collected data to relevant organizations for helping establishment of national information systems.



## **TAKBIS (Land Registry and Cadastre Information System)**



### **Pilot phase**

 In the middle of 1990's TKGM decided to establish automation systems for all units and started researches and trial studies for this purpose. At the end that decade, it has been decided to use outsource progressively and technical specifications for first phase of the system have been prepared. After tender procedures, the first phase of the study started in 2001.



## **TAKBIS (Land Registry and Cadastre Information System)**

According to the plan, in this phase, first of all, analysis of processes finished. Based on this analysis, design of the system, the choices about the operating systems, communication structure, data management systems, server types, and other relevant issues were made. Then, software for all tiers (data management, business, end user) were prepared.



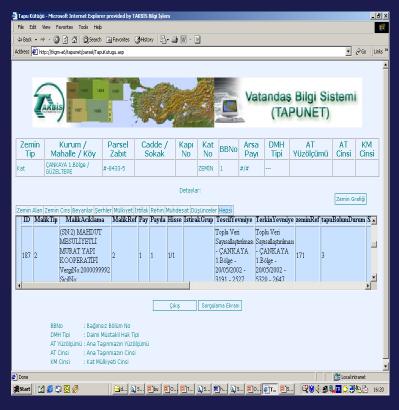
While coding of software were continuing, data collection and integration processes in 6 land registry and 2 cadastre unit for trial of the software and other structures were completed.

Test and correction procedure finished, and final acceptance of the first phase was made at the end of 2004.



## **TAKBIS (Land Registry and Cadastre Information System)**

#### **Extension phase**



After successful completion of the pilot phase, the studies and procedures for extension through the units of the project was finished in September 2005 and the second phase was started.

In this phase, studies on 274 land registry and 32 cadastre offices completed.

In addition, the development of required new software realized.

Although the contract made for the second phase was finished in December 2008, extension studies performed TKGM by itself and tender studies for the third phase was done.



## **Completed studies**

## 1. Software development

- a. Pilot phase (TAKBİS-I)
  - i. Land Registry end user software TSUY
  - ii. Cadastre end user software KUY
  - iii. Office automation software OFOTOM
- b. Extension phase (TAKBİS-II)
  - i. Public Key Infrastructure (PKI / e-sign) establishment
  - ii. OLAP and Related reporting tools development
  - iii. Alternative cadastre end user software
  - iv. Document Management System software DYS
  - v. Technical archive automation
  - vi. Map Information System software
  - vii. Web Mail



## **Completed studies**

## 2. Extension

- a. Pilot phase (TAKBİS-I)
  - i. 6 Land registry offices
  - ii. 2 Cadastre offices
- b. Extension phase (TAKBİS-II)
  - i. 274 Land registry offices
  - ii. 30 Cadastre offices
  - iii. 22 Regional offices
- c. Extension studies by TKGM
  - i. 140 Land registry offices



## **Completed studies**

## 3. System hardware and Communication infrastructure

Before starting extension phase, a new system center has been established. Although capacity of this center has been designed to serve 5000 users, by some renovations and additions, it has been serving for approximately 8000 end users.

Its establishment cost was 6.500.000 USD.

Tender studies for a new center is continuing.

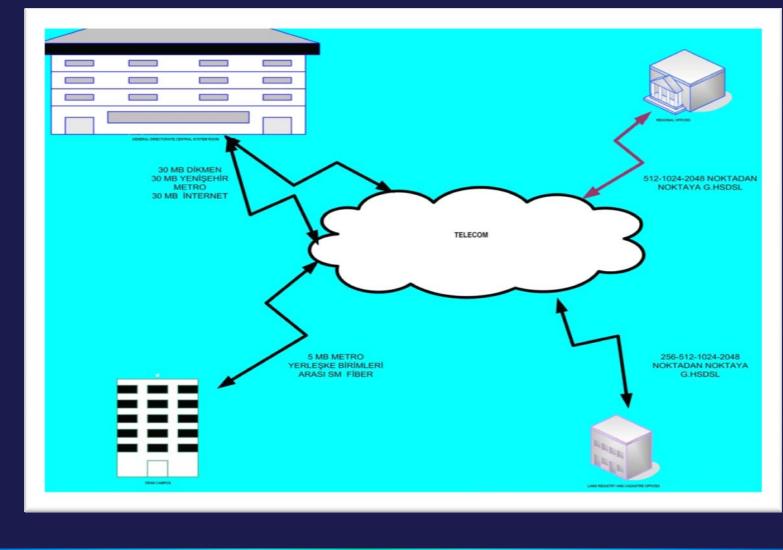


### Brief description about TAKBIS infrastructure

- 1. DBMS
- 2. Business layer management
- 3. Operating system for servers
- 4. Operating system for clients
- 5. Coding environment
- 6. Cadastral geo. data server
- 7. Firewall
- 8. Intrusion Detection & Pro.
- 9. URL Filtering
- 10. Routing equipments
- 11. Switches
- 12. Mail Managemet
- 13. Anti-virus software

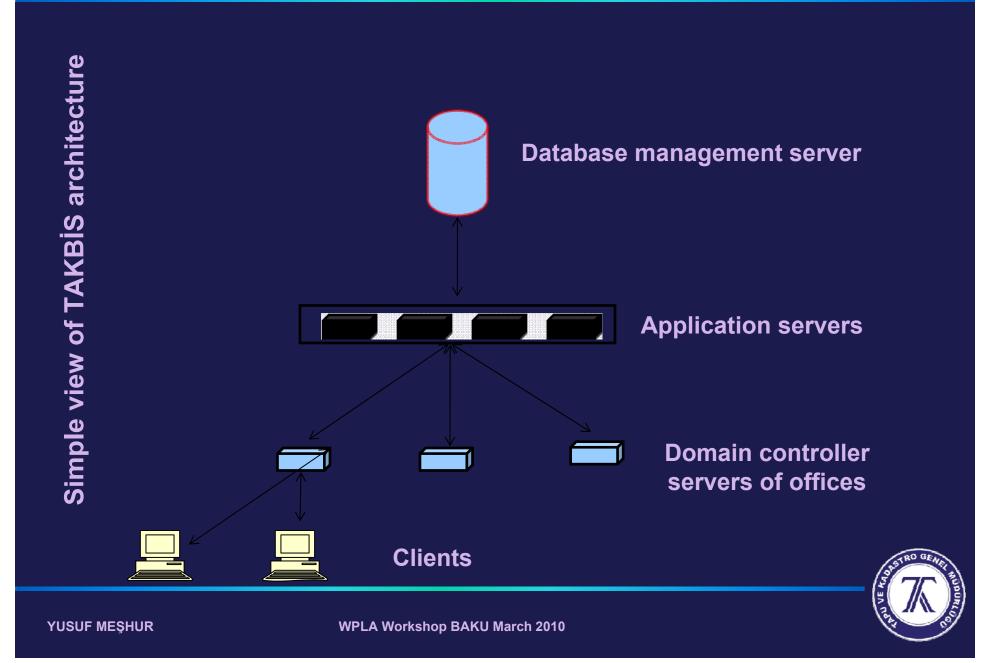
- : MS SQL Server (v.2005)
- : MS Application Server (Base on COM+)
- : MS Windows 2003 Enterprise Edition
- : MS Windows XP
- : Delphi 7.0 & MS .NET (Multi-tier)
- : ESRI ArcGIS 9.1
- : Checkpoint
- : McAfee
- : Microsoft ISA
- : CISCO
- : CISCO 3COM
- : Microsoft Exchange Server
- : McAfee

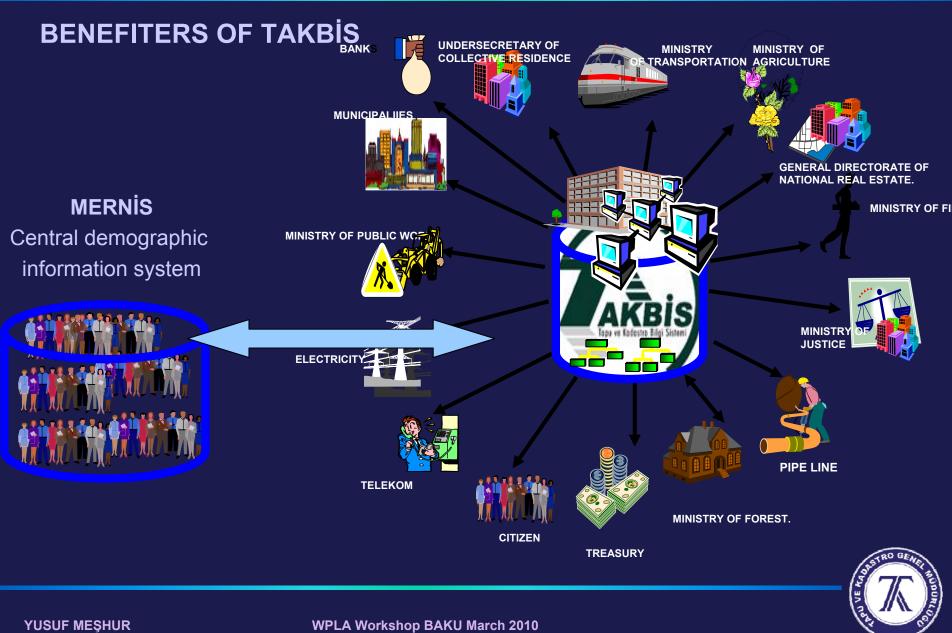
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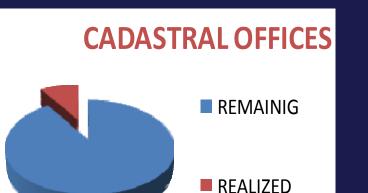


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#### **Remaining studies**

1.Approximately 600 land registry offices,2.300 Cadastre offices (preparing for the project by completing initial cadastre, renovation and other digitization processes)

Dissemination of TAKBIS Project will be completed in 2011.



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 TAKBIS Project was rewarded by office of prime ministery with egoverment prize in 2006





#### UNECE WPLA WORKSHOP "The role of spatial planning to improve security of tenure The workshop will be held in ANTALYA in October 2010

















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# Thank you



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