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ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR EUROPE

MEETING OF THE PARTIES TO THE CONVENTION ON ACCESS TO INFORMATION, PUBLIC PARTICIPATION IN DECISION-MAKING AND ACCESS TO JUSTICE IN ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

Working Group of the Parties to the Convention

Seventh meeting
Geneva, 2–4 May 2007
Item 7 of the provisional agenda
Electronic information tools and the clearing-house mechanism

REPORT ON THE FIFTH MEETING OF THE TASK FORCE ON ELECTRONIC INFORMATION TOOLS

Addendum

QUESTIONNAIRE TO ASSESS IMPLEMENTATION
OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE MEETING OF THE PARTIES
ON ELECTRONIC INFORMATION TOOLS (DECISION II/3)

At the fourth meeting of the Task Force on Electronic Information Tools (7–8 November 2005), the secretariat was asked to develop a questionnaire to assist with monitoring implementation of the "Recommendations on the more effective use of electronic information tools to provide public access to environmental information" annexed to decision II/3 on electronic information tools and the clearing-house mechanism (ECE/MP.PP/2005/2/Add.4). The questionnaire, which had been prepared by the secretariat in consultation with the Chair of the Task Force, was circulated to the national focal points and members of the Task Force on 27 October 2006.

GE.07-20855

1.

Questionnaire to assess implementation of the recommendations of the Meeting of the Parties on electronic information tools (decision II/3)

1. of th	•	ur country, which categories of environmental information (according to para. 9 (c) mendations annexed to decision II/3) are publicly accessible <i>through the Internet?</i>		
	a)	Reports on the state of the environment are, through the Internet:		
		(i) Generally available Partly available Not available		
		(ii) If the reports are available, please provide the Web link(s).		
		(iii) Are reports on the state of the environment legally required to be available? Yes No		
		(iv) If these reports are not generally available, do you have plans to meet requirements (according to article 5, para. 3) for progressive improvement in their availability? Yes No		
		(v) Comments:		
	a. relati	Texts of legislation, regulations, rules and other legally binding instruments on oring to the environment are, <i>through the Internet</i> :		
		(i) Generally available Partly available Not available		
		(ii) If the texts are available, please provide the Web link(s).		
		(iii) Are texts of legislation, regulations, rules and other legally binding instruments on or relating to the environment legally required to be available? Yes No		
		(iv) If these texts are not generally available, do you have plans to meet requirements (according to article 5, para. 3) for progressive improvement in their availability? Yes No		
		(v) Comments:		
	c) Texts of policies, plans and programmes on or relating to the environment, and environmental agreements are, <i>through the Internet:</i>			
		(i) Generally available Not available		
		(ii) If the texts are available, please provide the Web link(s).		
		(iii) Are texts of policies, plans and programmes on or relating to the environment legally required to be available? Yes No		
		(iv) If these texts are not generally available, do you have plans to meet requirements (according to article 5, para. 3) for progressive improvement in their availability? Yes No		
		(v) Comments:		

*	mental impact assessment and strategic environmental assessment where it is held in electronic form, is, <i>through the Internet:</i>		
(i)	Generally available Not available Not available		
(ii)	If the documentation is available, please provide the Web link(s).		
, ,	Are environmental impact assessment and strategic environmental assessment entation legally required to be available? Yes No		
	If the documentation is not generally available, do you have plans to ssively improve access to it? Yes No		
(v)	Comments:		
	the to where environmental impact assessment and strategic environmental amentation can be accessed <i>through the Internet</i> is:		
(i)	Generally available Not available Not available		
(ii)	If the information is available, please provide the Web link(s).		
f) Data on environmentally significant releases and transfers of pollutants, within the Protocol on Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTRs), are, <i>through the In</i>			
(i)	Generally available Not available Not available		
(ii)	If data are available, please provide the Web link(s).		
(iii)	Are PRTR data legally required to be available? Yes No		
(iv) If data are not generally available, do you have plans to progressive access? Yes No			
(v)	Comments:		
•	ion on mechanisms related to access to justice within the meaning of the hrough the Internet:		
(i)	Generally available Not available Not available		
(ii)	If the information is available, please provide the Web link(s).		
 (iii) Is information on mechanisms related to access to justice legally required to available? Yes No (iv) If the information is not generally available, do you have plans to progress improve access to it? Yes No 			
			(v)

2. In your country, among documentation forming an integral part of any licensing or permitting process subject to the provisions of article 6, and where the documentation exists in electronic form, which categories of environmental information are publicly accessible *through the Internet*?

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a)	Appli	Applications for licences or permits are, through the Internet:			
	(i)	Generally available Partly available Not available			
	(ii)	If the applications are available, please provide the Web link (s).			
	(iii)	Are applications for licenses or permits legally required to be available?			
	Yes_	_ No			
	(iv) impro	If the applications are not generally available, do you have plans to progressively ove access to them? Yes No			
	(v)	Comments:			
b)	Draft	Draft licences or permits and their attached conditions are, through the Internet:			
	(i)	Generally available Not available Not available			
	(ii)	If the materials are available, please provide the Web link(s).			
	(iii) Yes _	Are draft licenses or permits legally required to be available? _No			
	(iv) impro	(iv) If this information is not generally available, do you have plans to progressively improve access to it? Yes No			
	(v)	Comments:			
c)	Final	Final licences or permits and their attached conditions are, through the Internet:			
	(i)	Generally available Not available			
	(ii)	If the materials are available, please provide the Web link(s).			
	(iii) Yes _	Are final licenses or permits legally required to be available? _No			
	(iv) acces	If they are not generally available, do you have plans to progressively improve s to them? Yes No			
	(v)	Comments:			
d)	Comi	Comments of third parties on draft permits and conditions are, through the Internet:			
	(i)	Generally available Not available			
	(ii)	If comments are available, please provide the Web link(s).			
	(iii) Yes _	Are comments of third parties legally required to be available? _No			
	(iv) impro	If comments are not generally available, do you have plans to progressively ove access to them? Yes No			
	(v)	Comments:			

	egral part	it is not available in electronic form, a reference to where documentation forming of any licensing or permitting process subject to the provisions of article 6 can be sough the Internet:		
	(i)	Generally available Partly available Not available		
	(ii) Please provide Web link, if applicable.			
(iii) Is such a reference legally required to be available? Yes No_				
	(iv) this info	If not generally available, do you have plans to progressively improve access to information? Yes No		
	(v)	Comments:		
	•	country, which categories of environmental information (according to of the recommendations annexed to decision II/3) are publicly accessible ernet?		
a) public		nmental monitoring data, including spatial attributes, held by or on behalf of ies are, through the Internet:		
	(i)	Generally available Not available Not available		
	(ii)	If the data are available, please provide the Web link(s).		
(iii) Is such information legally required to be available? Yes No_				
 (iv) If the data are not generally available, do you have plans to progressively improve access? Yes No (v) Comments: 				
			b) Product information that enables consumers to make informed environmental choices i <i>through the Internet:</i>	
	(i)	Generally available Not available Not available		
	(ii)	If the information is available, please provide the Web link(s).		
	(iii)	Is the information legally required to be available? Yes No		
	(iv) If the information is not generally available, do you have plans to progressive improve access to it? Yes No			
	(v) Comments:			

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c) throug		mation on good practice and guidelines on better environmental management are, internet:	
	(i)	Generally available Partly available Not available	
	(ii)	If the materials are available, please provide the Web link(s).	
	(iii)	Is such information legally required to be available? Yes No	
(iv) If the material is not generally available, do you have plans to programprove access to it? Yes No			
	(v)	Comments:	
d) standa		opriate metadata or background information to make the methods, processes and data collection transparent to future data users is, <i>through the Internet</i> :	
	(i)	Generally available Partly available Not available	
	(ii)	If the information is available, please provide the Web link(s).	
	(iii)	Is such information legally required to be available? Yes No	
	(iv) impro	If the information is not generally available, do you have plans to progressively exe access to it? Yes No	
	(v)	Comments:	
	nation l	information (including catalogues of data sources and details of the scope of neld by public authorities and mechanisms for the provision of access to al information) is, <i>through the Internet</i> :	
	(i)	Generally available Partly available Not available	
	(ii)	If the meta-information is available, please provide the Web link(s).	
	(iii)	Is such meta-information legally required to be available? Yes No	
	(iv) impro	If the information is not generally available, do you have plans to progressively execute to it? Yes No	
	(v)	Comments:	
4.	In your country, what proportion of members of the public has electronic access:		
	a) More	In their place of residence? than 80% 60–79% 40–59% 20–39% Less than 20%	
		In their place of employment or educational institution? than 80% 60–79% 40–59% 20–39% Less than 20%	
	c) More	In a publicly accessible facility (Internet café, public library, kiosk, etc.)? than 80% 60–79% 40–59% 20–39% Less than 20%	

5. In your country, has the scope of environg accessible since 2005:	onmental information that is electronically
Generally increased? Partly increased?	Remained the same? Declined?
6. For the majority of Internet users in you Internet access? ¹	ar country, what is the most common form of
Dial-up (telephony) Wi-Fi (wireless r	networking) Broadband Don't know
environmental information accessed electronics. Web traffic statistics on official environmental 8. Please supply, in the following table, (a	information sites). a) the main users of environmental information in
your country, and (b) methods used by your mi	nistry or agency to assess the identified users'
information needs.	
Main users of environmental information	Methods used to identify users' information needs
Government	
Academia / Schools	
General public	
Non-governmental organizations	
Private sector	
Others (please identify)	
9. If your ministry or agency has assessed	user needs for environmental information, please

- In your country, how is progress on improving electronic access to environmental 10. information being communicated to the public?
- 11. What concrete steps have been taken to ensure that information is available electronically? Please include reference to national Web portals or other sites of interest.
- Is public access to environmental information through the Internet or other electronic 12. means provided as a matter of practice? Is there a legally enforceable right to such access? If possible, please include reference to relevant national policies or provisions of national law referring to this right.

briefly describe how successful this assessment has been.

¹ Broadband is a term that encompasses DSL (digital subscriber line), cable and satellite high-speed Internet connections. Variants include ADSL, HDSL, IDSL, VDSL and SDSL.

- 13. Has your country formulated and implemented national "e-government" strategies for the use of electronic tools to facilitate administrative processes and services, and to make public administration more transparent and efficient in providing available environmental information and dealing with requests for such information from the public? Please include relevant title(s), name(s), contact information of responsible officer(s) and time frames for implementation.
- 14. In your country, in which types of environmental decision-making process (in the sense of articles 6, 7 and 8 of the Convention) may public participation take place electronically? What are the main steps in the process? If possible, please give concrete examples.
- 15. Have comprehensive environment-related programmes, including specific training programmes linking the use of information technology applications to the promotion of good environmental governance, been developed and implemented in your country?

a)	Yes	No	
b)	Is the training programme:		
	(i)	Ongoing Periodic One-time	
	(ii)	Financed through international assistance State-financed (national or local government) Privately financed (philanthropy, NGO, private sector) Other (please describe):	

- c) Please provide the date(s) of initiation and target audience of environment-related training programmes:
- 16. Please describe any measures taken to promote the involvement of different stakeholders representing providers and users of information, including civil society and private-sector institutions, in the development and use of electronic tools to provide environmental information to the public?
- 17. What are the most important challenges and obstacles in your country to the use of electronic tools to implement the recommendations contained in decision II/3? You can use the list of possible challenges in the table "Challenges and obstacles to the use of electronic tools to implement the recommendations contained in decision II/3" at the end of the questionnaire as a reference.
- 18. Does your country have an Aarhus Clearinghouse national node Web portal? If yes, please provide the Web link:

19. Does your country have	a designated Aarhus Clearinghouse national node administrator or
contact point responsible for	collecting, managing and updating the information contained in the
national node? Yes	No

	a)	Responsible for content management:		
		Name: Title:		
		Organization:		
		Postal address:		
		Telephone:		
		Fax:		
		E-mail:		
	b)	Technical contact:		
		Name:		
		Telephone: E-mail:		
		E-man:		
20.	Date	of launch of national node of the Clearinghouse: (month/year)		
		often does your national node administration update the national Clearinghouse Web Ionthly Quarterly Annually Never		
		roximately how many resource entries in the Aarhus Clearinghouse for Environmental cy (http://aarhusclearinghouse.unece.org) reflect national content?		
More	e thar	10 5 to 10 Less than 5 None		
Envi		t method of communicating resource entries to the Aarhus Clearinghouse for ental Democracy does your organization or agency prefer to use? Does it submit on:		
	a)	By e-mail to aarhus.clearinghouse@unece.org		
	b)	By e-mail to staff of the Aarhus Convention secretariat		
	c)	By e-mail to national experts serving on the Task Force		
	d)	By e-mail to the Clearinghouse national node administrator		
	e)	Using the Clearinghouse's online form accessible to registered content managers		
	f)	Other (please specify):		
stake	hold	se describe any measures undertaken to promote the involvement of different ers representing providers and users of information, including civil society and private-titutions, in the national node of the Clearinghouse.		

25. Please provide any additional comments below.

Challenges and obstacles regarding the use of electronic tools to implement the recommendations contained in decision II/3

Information tools	Relevant provisions of the Aarhus Convention	Challenges & obstacles regarding ICT implementation
ELECTRONIC Internet E-mail Electronic community notice boards/ billboards CD-ROM Electronic data accessible through bar-code scanning Electronic data accessible through touch-tone dialing SMS (short message service) Public electronic information kiosks Telephone hotlines/fax TV teletext Other (to be specified) NON-ELECTRONIC Brochures Exhibitions "Green" community advisors Info-shops (walk-in) Libraries Newspapers Open days Posters TV, cinema, radio Other (to be specified)	ARTICLE 4, PARA. 1 Response to requests for environmental information in the form requested ARTICLE 5, PARA. 3 a) Reports on the state of the environment b) Texts of legislation on or relating to the environment c) Policies, plans and programmes on or relating to the environment, and environmental agreements d) Other information, to the extent that the availability of such information in this form would facilitate the application of national law implementing the Convention. ARTICLE 6 Public participation in decisions on specific activities which may have a significant effect on the environment ARTICLE 7 Public participation concerning plans, programmes and policies relating to the environment ARTICLE 8 Public participation during the preparation of executive regulations and/or generally applicable legally binding normative	 Limited scope or extent of environmental data collected in your country Limited standardization of data sets Poor cooperation with other agencies collecting environmental data Limited interest in using ICT among: Data providers (you) Data users (please quantify) Other priorities (please specify) Lack of time to explore/implement ECONOMIC Limited market availability of equipment Lack of IT service providers Lack of technical support High cost of online access High cost of equipment Poor state of telecommunication networks CULTURAL Limited expertise/knowhow LEGAL Unclear rules, legislation on environment and informational responsibility
	instruments	OTHER (to be specified)