

# An Overview of the Petroleum Resources Management System (PRMS) and its Relationship to UNFC

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### **Disclaimer**

The material, views and opinions expressed in this presentation are solely those of presenter and do not reflect Shell International E&P or any other person at Royal Dutch Shell plc.

Readers are urged to obtain independent advice on any matter relating to the interpretation of resources definitions and guidance on classification.

# **Topics for Discussion**

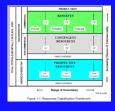
Why are definitions needed?



Brief history of PRMS and its Goals



Overview of PRMS



PRMS adoption



Relationship of PRMS to UNFC

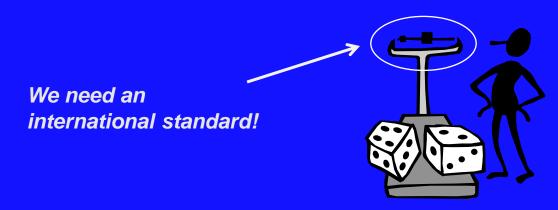


Questions

### What's it all About?

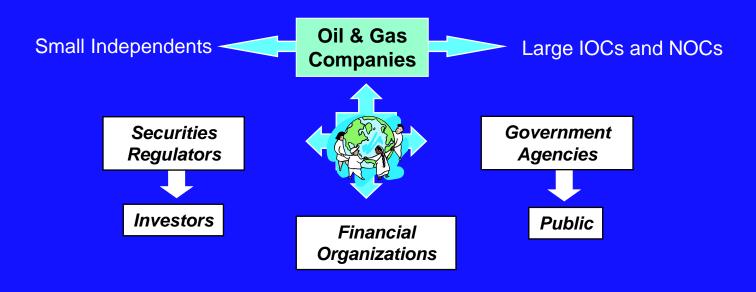
Its all about predicting potentially recoverable volumes under defined conditions!

"The quantity of usable resources is not fixed but changes with progress in science, technology, and exploration and with shifts in economic conditions." (V. McKelvey)



We need consistency in communicating future sales volumes ..... with associated risk and uncertainty!

# Understand all Stakeholders' Requirements



Create a Global Consensus Reference for the Industry – a "Standard"

All stakeholders require complete, consistent and reliable information on future production and associated cash flow estimates through full life recovery

### Why do we need standard definitions?

- Internal business decisions
- Public reporting requirements
- Government reporting
- Project finance
- Mergers & Acquisitions

### Petroleum Resources Management System

Published in April 2007; maintained by SPE OGRC; co- sponsored by:



**Society of Petroleum Engineers (SPE)** 



**World Petroleum Council (WPC)** 



American Association of Petroleum Geologists (AAPG)



**Society of Petroleum Evaluation Engineers (SPEE)** 

**Endorsed by Society of Exploration Geophysicists (SEG)** 



Free Download at www.spe.org

# **Brief History of PRMS**



- SPE & partners recognized the need for common global standards for petroleum resource definitions to provide consistency, transparency and reliability
- Create and maintain an international standard petroleum reserves and resources classification system based on industry best practices
- Built on the past
- Incorporated current best practice
- Prepared for the future

### **Historic Milestones**

1981

SPE

minor

update



SPE special committee on Definition of Proved Reserves for Property Evaluation

SPE update
with Unproved
Categories

1997-2001 SPE, WPC, AAPG

SPE, WPC, AAPG joint effort to incorporate Resource classes

PRMS and Audit
Standards published.
SPEE becomes a
sponsor

2007

Application of PRMS sponsored/endorsed by SPE, SPEE, WPC, AAPG, SEG

- Simple risk and uncertainty model
- Principal-based
- Evolutionary shifts instead of revolutionary changes

### **PRMS Goals**



- Provide a common reference for the international petroleum industry, including national reporting and regulatory disclosure agencies, and to support petroleum project and portfolio management requirements
- Improve clarity in global communications regarding petroleum resources
- Supplement with industry education programs and application guides

### **PRMS Strategy**

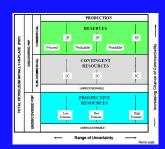
 Allow flexibility and can be tailored to particular needs



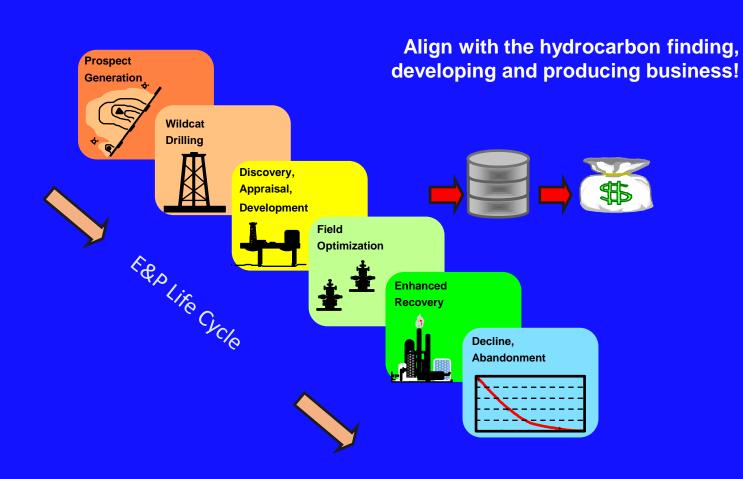
 Does not modify the interpretation or application of any existing regulatory reporting requirements



 Consider both technical and commercial factors that impact the project's economic feasibility, its productive life, and its related cash flow



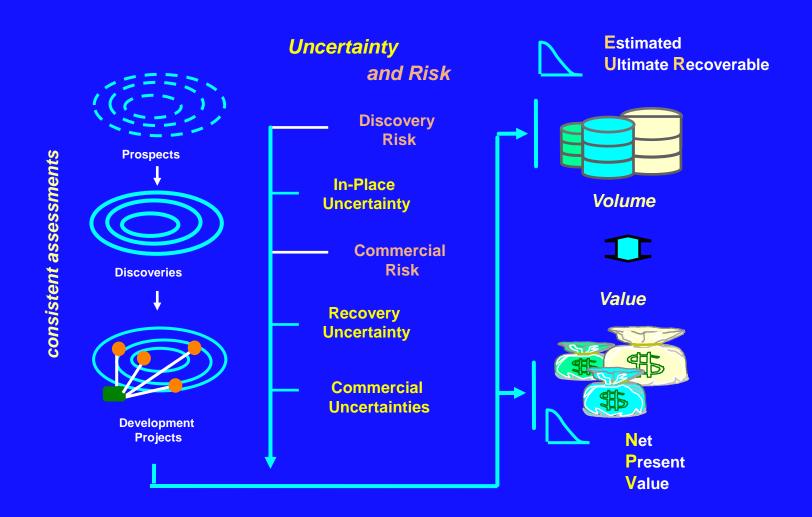
# PRMS is Designed to Support Asset Management – "Cradle to Grave"



## **PRMS - Major Principles**

- 0. Understand the reservoir and "in place" resources
- 1. The System is "Project—Based"
- 2. A Classification is based on project's **chance of commerciality** (technology, economic, legal, social environmental & regulatory)
  - Categorization is based on recoverable uncertainty
- 3. Base case uses **forecast of future conditions**
- 4. Provides more granularity for project management
- 5. Estimates based on **deterministic and/or probabilistic** methods
- 6. Reserves /resources are estimated in terms of the sales products
- 7. Reserves allocation based on **contractual entitlement**
- 8. Applies to both conventional and **unconventional resources**

# Its all about Risk and Uncertainty



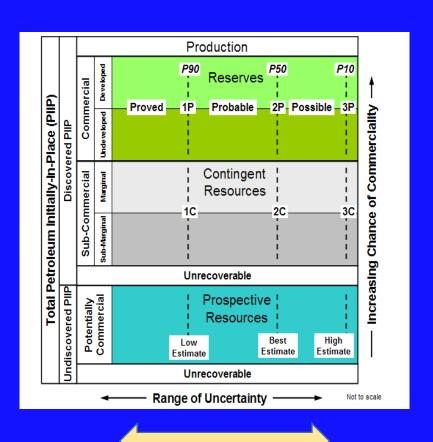
### **Resources Classification**

 Reserves Classification (risk)

Contingent Resources

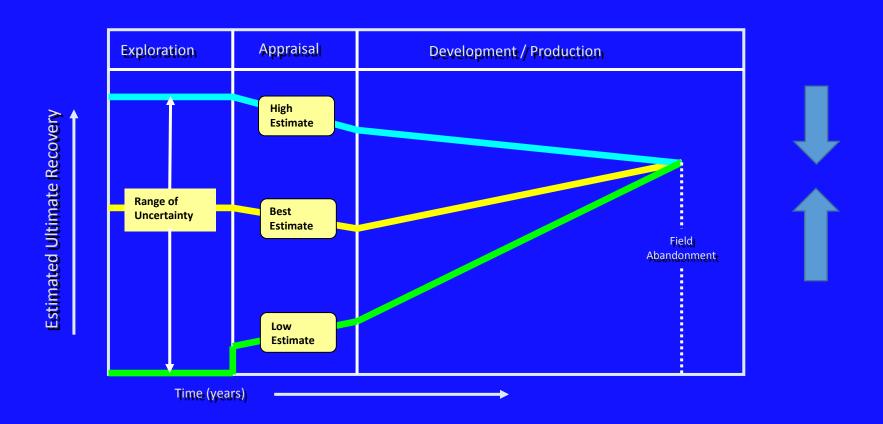
**Prospective Resources** 

Unrecoverable



Categorization (uncertainty)

### **Resources Categorization**



Absolute Range of Uncertainty Should Diminish as Project Proceeds (Arps, 1956)

# PRMS is the Global Standard for Petroleum Reserves and Resource Reporting



Securities Regulators

SEC (US)
AIM (UK)
CSA (Canada)
HKEX (Hong Kong)
ASX (Australia)

(ESMA & FSA)







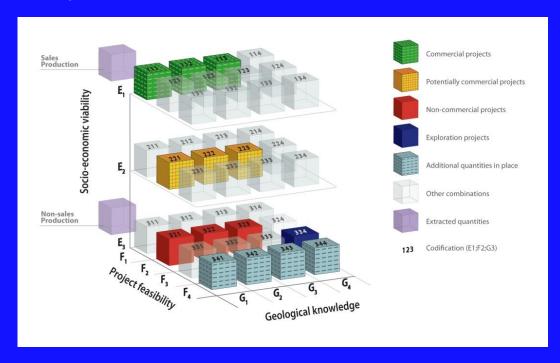


PRMS is explicitly or implicitly referenced

# **PRMS Current Adoption**



The United Nations Framework Classification (UNFC) system identifies the PRMS as the reference standard for petroleum reserves and resources



# **SPE Relationship with UNFC**



- Long-standing agreement for the SPE to provide the commodity-specific specifications for petroleum
  - Petroleum Resources Management System of 2007 ("PRMS")
- Link provided by a Bridging Document in 2013



 PRMS Bridging Document, together with the UNFC Generic Specifications, provide operational application of UNFC-2009 for petroleum

(see details at: http://www.unece.org/energy/se/unfc\_2009\_spcfc.html)

PRMS will be maintained "evergreen" by SPE OGRC

## **PRMS – UNFC Bridging Document**

### **Using Categories only**



PRMS Class		UNFC-2009 "minimum" Categories			UNFC-2009 Class	
Discovered	Reserves	E1	F1	G1,G2,G3	Commercial Projects	
	Contingent Resources	E2	F2	G1,G2,G3	Potentially Commercial Projects	
		E3	F2	G1,G2,G3	Non-Commercial Projects	
	Unrecoverable	E3	F4	G1,G2,G3	Additional in Place*	
Undiscovered	Prospective Resources	E3	F3	G4	Exploration Projects	
	Unrecoverable	E3	F4	G4	Additional in Place*	

From EGRC 4<sup>th</sup> Session Geneva April 2013

### **PRMS – UNFC Bridging Document**

# G-axis, using Categories only



PRMS Categories		UNFC-2009 Categories
Reserves (Incremental)	Proved	G1
	Probable	G2
	Possible	G3
Reserves (Scenario)	Proved (1P)	G1
	Proved plus Probable (2P)	G1+G2
	Proved plus Probable plus Possible (3P)	G1+G2+G3
nt es	Low Estimate (1C)	G1
Contingent Resources	Best Estimate (2C)	G1+G2
S %	High Estimate (3C)	G1+G2+G3
ive	Low Estimate	G4.1
Prospective Resources	Best Estimate	G4.1+G4.2 (=G4)
	High Estimate	G4.1+G4.2+G4.3

# PRMS – UNFC Bridging Document

### **Using Sub-Categories**





On Production

Approved for Development

(a)				
Re	Justified for Developm	3		
	Development Pending	4		
ngent urces	Development	On Hold	5	
Contir	On Hold	Unclarified	6	
	Development Not Viab	7		
	Unrecoverable			
Prospective Resources	Prospect	8		
	Lead	9		
	Play	10		
	11			
ecial	Defined but not classif	12		
ises	Less Common Mapping			
	Resources Resources Res	Development Pending  Development Unclarified or On Hold Development Not Viab  Unrecoverable  Prospect Lead Play  Unrecoverable  Defined but not classif	Development Pending  Development Pending  Development On Hold Unclarified or On Hold Unclarified  Development Not Viable  Unrecoverable  Prospect Lead Play  Unrecoverable  Defined but not classified in PRMS	

Facilitates transfer of quantities to correct class or sub-class

Jndiscovered

1

2

#### Beyond Mapping — "Integration" **UNFC Classification Framework & Category Definitions Generic Specifications Bridging Bridging Bridging Document Document Document** Mineral Petroleum **Specifications Specifications CRIRSCO PRMS Commodity Specific Guidelines Other Aligned Systems**

For other systems seeking alignment, a bridging document to UNFC-2009 is required which allows results considered to be comparable with no significant difference to those that would result from the application of the classification system for which the Bridging documents have already been endorsed (i.e. aligned Systems).

### **Concluding Remarks**

- UNFC-2009 provides common language for classification and reporting of solid mineral and petroleum resources
- PRMS 2007 is the dominant industry-standard classification for petroleum resources and reserves
- CRIRSCO is the dominant industry-standard classification for solid mineral reserves and mineral resources
- PRMS & CRIRSCO referenced by IASB Extractive Activities Project

### **Are We There Yet?**

#### Have we achieved a global common code?

**Not quite!...** but ...the building blocks are in place which will allow greater harmonization and consistency in the area of natural resources assessment and reporting.....and valuation.



PRMS and UNFC will both be part of the solution!

# Thank you!

Questions?