





#### Removing Barriers to Energy Efficiency Improvements in the State Sector in Belarus

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### Introduction

- Barriers:
  - dependence on non-return budgetary funds
  - lack of knowledge and experience of work with an investor
  - frequent changes in rules for business
  - need for building up a modern energy management system
  - poor quality of energy auditing
  - insufficient conditions for the development of ESCO
  - cross subsidizing
  - investments in core capital of state and municipal companies are embarrassed
  - need in laws on energy services (e.g. ESCOs), electric-power industry, cogeneration, heat supply
- It is important to create conditions for:
  - motivating companies to implement the best available technologies
  - increasing the share of borrowed and own funds in the total investments in energy efficiency
  - sustaining favorable investment environment in this sphere

### The Project main statements

- **The aim**: to reduce greenhouse gas emissions by removing barriers to implementing energy efficiency activities and services of reducing the specific consumption of fossil fuels in Belarus
- **The objective:** to create conditions for increasing local and foreign investments in EE projects in the state sector
- The strategy consists of three main directions:
- <u>Direction 1</u>: enhancing the incentives for state organizations to invest in energy saving activities
- <u>Direction 2</u>: promoting an increase of loan funds in the total investments required to implement energy efficiency activities in the state sector
- <u>Direction 3</u>: providing sustainability and replication of the results of the Project through the implementation of special investment and information instruments
- Funding and the period: 1.4 million dollars; 2007-2011

### **Direction 1: incentives system**

- The regulatory acts are initiated on
  - accumulation and reinvestment of budgetary funds gained as a result of energy savings by organizations of the state sector
  - staff incentives to save energy resources
- Critical analysis and evaluation of best practices of effective EE investments
  - ESCO and other modern schemes
  - working out recommendations for their implementation in Belarus (participation in the development of a new version of the Law on Energy Saving)
- Barriers that still in place
  - short period of budget offsetting
  - energy norms are established on a basis of the level achieved
  - inconsistent tariff policy effects on the stability of local investments

### **Direction 2: reduction of grant funding**

- The regulatory acts are initiated on
  - increasing the share of loan funding
  - the mechanism of preferential crediting of energy saving activities
  - the order of financing and use of republican and local budgetary funds
  - instructions and criteria for the competitive selection of energy saving activities
  - the order of formation and use of the Energy and Resources Saving Fund
- Suggestions:
  - principles of norm-setting for FER consumption
  - improvement of tariff policy
  - legal framework for ESCOs

### **Direction 2: summarized business model**

- Creation of summarized methodology (business model) of implementing EE projects in Belarus
  - considering the best current practices of foreign and local investments in improving energy efficiency
  - training materials and guidelines on the most effective financing schemes and the typical design cycle for the major categories of energy efficiency projects
- Activities and training sessions to enhance the staff capacity on
  - Energy management
  - energy auditing
  - business modeling
  - ESCO schemes
  - new ways of improving energy efficiency
  - business planning
  - developing a feasibility study for bankable proposals

# Direction 3: sustainability and replication of the

### results

- Establishment of International Energy Centre
- Development and evaluation of investment projects
- the investment program of the Department for Energy Efficiency
- the investment program of International Energy Centre

• Implementation of the projects in the state sector, 15.36 million U.S. dollars

- 10.99 million U.S. dollars from loans
- 4.12 million U.S. dollars from equity capital
- 0.25 million U.S. dollars from the budget on a return basis
- GHG emission reduction of 27 kt CO2eq (approx. 82 kt CO2eq since the beginning of the Project)
- The projects in the state sector amounting to 67 million U.S. dollars are initiated
- projects with unique for the country and the CIS technical solutions
- At least 120 million U.S. dollars are guaranteed
- National Internet-based platform for energy efficiency
- database of technologies, NLA, projects, typical business models
- forum and special tools
- Social activities, training and PR-campaigns

# International Energy Centre (IEC)

- IEC is the Project instrument for:
  - comparative analysis of typical cycles of energy saving projects
  - exchange of knowledge and experience among involved parties
  - providing training in practice
  - testing of new investment schemes
  - assistance in developing an investment portfolio
  - increase of investments
- IEC has been created as a CJSC in September 2010
  - statutory fund amounts 200 hundred U.S. dollars
  - Shareholders:
    - JSC BelVneshEconomBank (Belarus) 52% shares
    - JSC National Space Bank (Russian Federation)
    - StroySektor LTD (Russian Federation)
    - TAWI Consultant LTD (Poland)
- The investment portfolio amounts to 120 million U.S. dollars

# **IEC** activities

- The Center project portfolio consists of three main areas
  - conversion of boiler plants in mini-CHP on the GRA and GTU basis
  - modernization of pumping and compression equipment based on modern technical solutions and new technologies
  - utilization of secondary heat energy resources in the industry
- The estimated annual impact of the implementation of the first activities:
  - savings of nearly 135 tons of fuel equivalent
  - reducing emissions of 215 tons of CO2 equivalent
- Future plans
  - in the first area:
    - three cogeneration units in Vaukavysk housing
    - cogeneration and trigeneration systems in a number of objects in Slutsk using gas reciprocating and gas turbine technologies
    - energotechnological complex "Krichevcementoshifer" and MZSI
  - in the second area:
    - replacement of pumping equipment at the enterprises of housing and communal services in Brest, Minsk and Grodno regions
  - in the third area:
    - projects for heat utilization in gas compressor stations (GCS) to generate electrical energy on Renkin organic cycle basis

### **Reports and Publications**

- Preliminary analysis of policies and measures of improving energy efficiency in Belarus (at the request of ACF EDB)
- The practice of investment schemes and management of investment in the energy efficiency of the state sector. Recommendations for implementing the existing experience in Belarus
- Suggestions for improving the legal and institutional frameworks to encourage investments in energy efficiency
- The legislation for the implementation of investment schemes in energy efficiency activities and suggestions for its improvement
- Suggestions for improving the legal and institutional frameworks for the establishment of norms of energy resources consumption and tariff policies to encourage investments in energy efficiency
- Monitoring the effectiveness of investments in energy efficiency on a basis of several state partner organizations
- Analysis of financing schemes for the creation of small power generating companies
- Medium-term Strategy and Action Plan of CJSC IEC with additional areas of its activities
- Summarized business model of design and investment cycle for implementing EE projects in the Republic of Belarus
- Energy management and auditing: methodology and standards, foreign and local practice







# Thank you!

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