



## **UNECE Workshop on UNFC & Renewables**

The Global Atlas for Renewable Energy

Washington, Mar. 24th- 25th 2014.







**Mission:** Promote the widespread and sustainable use

of renewable energy worldwide

**How:** Serve as centre of excellence, advisory resource,

and network hub for renewable energy

**Scope:** All renewable energy sources



Bioenergy



Geothermal Energy



nal Hydropower



Ocean Energy



Solar Energy



Wind Energy

Membership: Since 2011, currently 129 Member countries

**Location:** Headquarter in Abu Dhabi, UAE and

Innovation and Technology Centre (IITC) in Bonn,

Germany





Bridge the gap between nations having access to the necessary funding, technologies, and expertise to evaluate their national potentials, and those deprived of those elements.







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- Access to data and methods
- Building capacities on strategic planning
- Mobilizing technical assistance

















GeoModel ##

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@penEI













Albania, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Colombia, Denmark, Egypt, Ethiopia, Fiji island, France, Gambia, Germany, Greece, Grenada, Honduras, India, Iraq, Iran, Israel, Italy, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Maldives, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, South Africa, Spain, Sudan, Swaziland, Switzerland, Tonga, Tunisia, Turkey, UAE, Uganda, UK, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, USA, Vanuatu, Yemen, Zimbabwe.





What share of my energy mix can be supplied by renewable energy?

What is the most cost-effective combination of technologies?

Where are the resources located?

What amount of investments does it represent? How many jobs ?

Is there a large enough market for sustaining a supply chain?

### **Global Atlas**

Resource mapping

Technical and economic potentials

Technology data, ancillary datasets (grid, land, costs..)

Scenarios and strategies



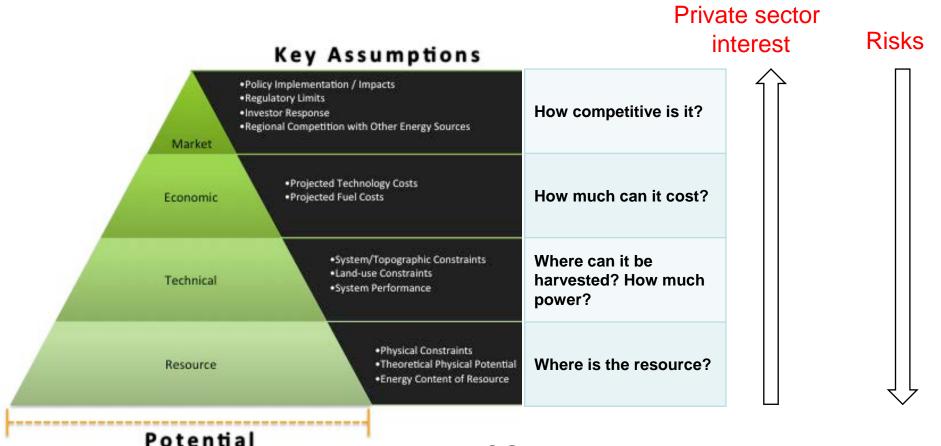
International Renewable Energy Agency

**RE-market** 

Enabling conditions: policy and financial instruments, human capacities, public awareness..





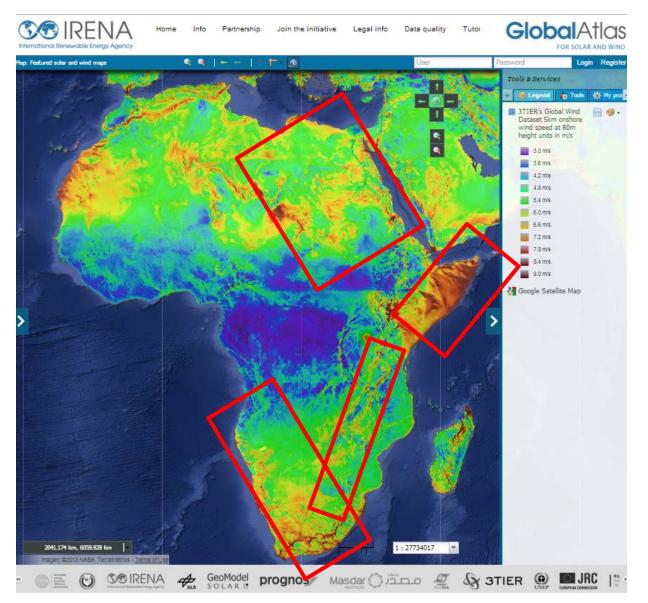


Conceptual diagram of Renewable Energy Potentials (from NREL, 2012)

- COUNTRY-DRIVEN
- LONG TERM PLANNING PROCESS
- COMMITMENT REQUIRED







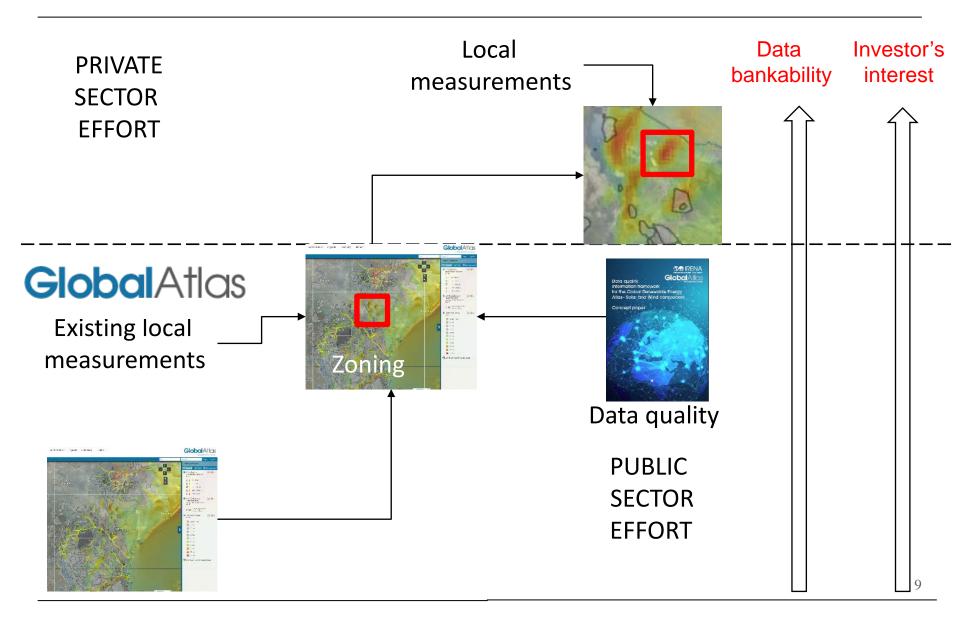
Winds in Africa. Mesoscale 5km basemap from 3TIER. Average annual wind speeds at 80 m high.

The values can not be used without validation, but the wind patterns appear clearly, and are consistent with other mesoscale sources. The boxes attempt to highlight areas with possibly strong annual average wind speeds.

This rough approximation does not exclude the possibility of good wind sites outside the red squares, due to local effects not captured by the mesoscale model.



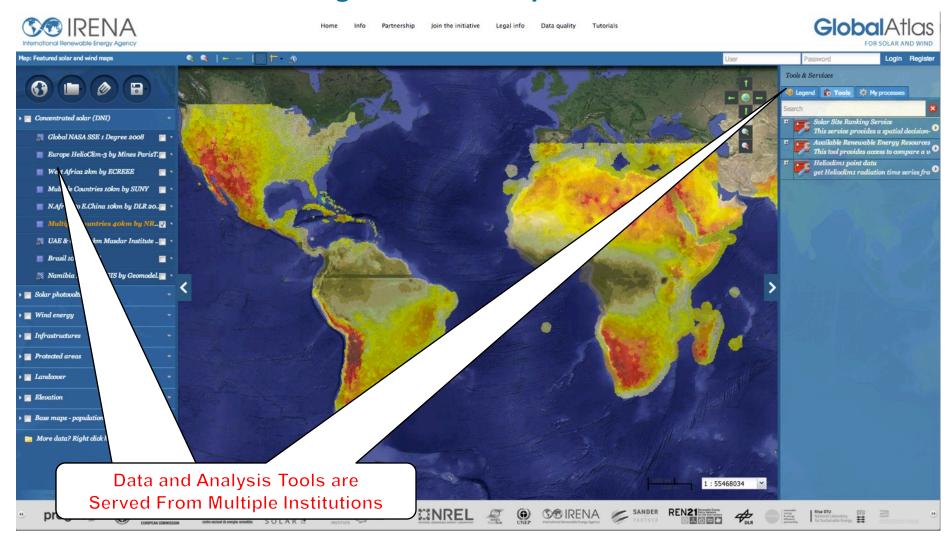








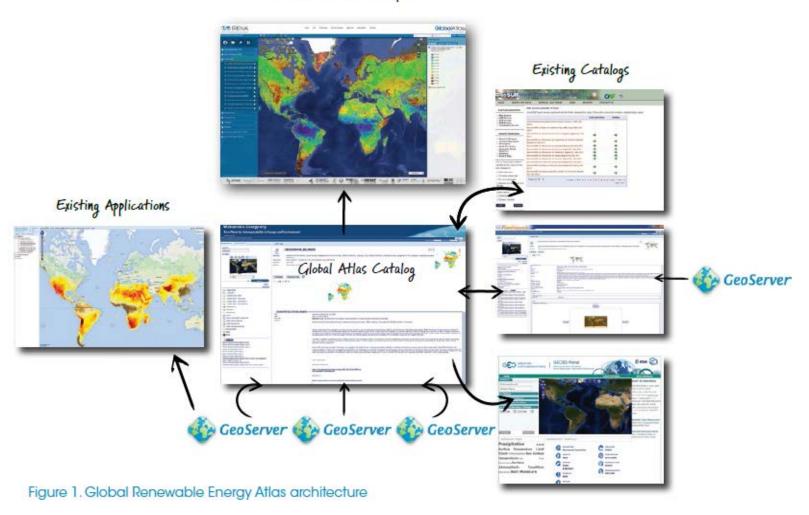
### Global Atlas is an Integrated Global Spatial Data Infrastructure







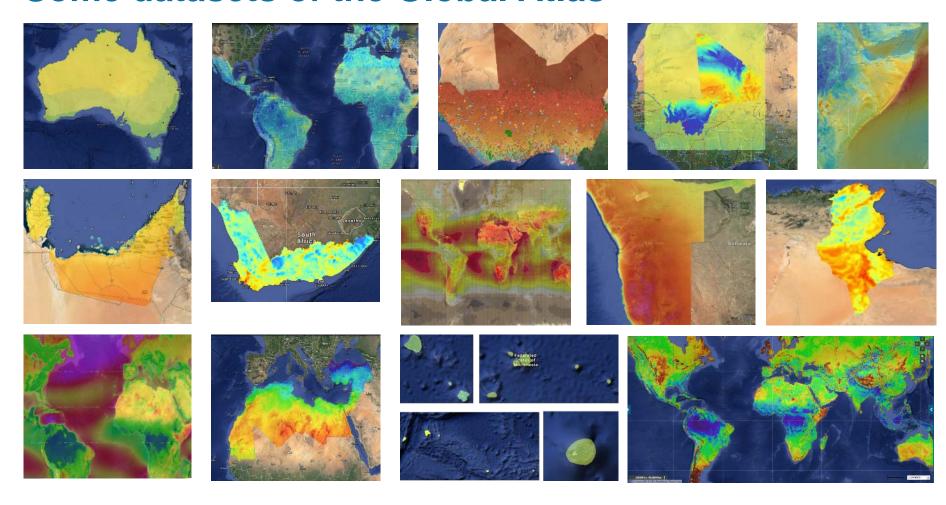
#### Global Atlas GIS Interface







## Some datasets of the Global Atlas







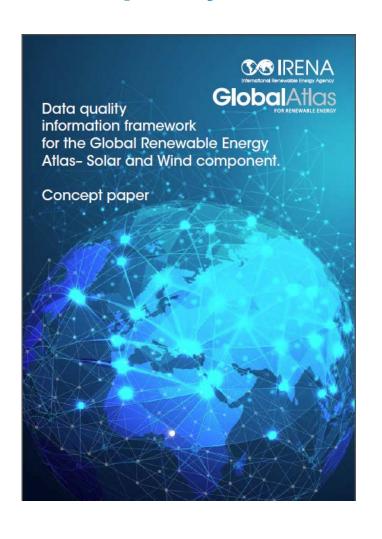
# Map gallery – information accessed easily







## **Data quality**



DTU Wind; NREL; Masdar Institute; DLR; Vortex; MINES ParisTech; Suntrace; CENER; ISES; 3Tier; Sander & Partners; NASA.

Based on: UNEP-SWERA, GEO, ISO data quality reference systems

Internal data quality – 14 unique indicators

External data quality – 4 categories

- EDUCATION
- POLICY
- POTENTIAL
- +BUSINESS





# Demonstration on ECOWAS within GEOSS AIP-6 Presented at the GEO-X Ministerial Summit Geneva, Jan. 14-17<sup>th</sup>, 2014







**Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt**German Aerospace Center























## **Upcoming developments (solar and wind)**

- Implementation of the data quality information framework
- Major upcoming developments:
  - Zoning capability
  - Socio-economic data linkage IEA-IRENA policy database; Ren21; World Bank
  - 'Universal' data reader wind roses, monthly distributions
  - Proposal for analysis tools simulators including data uncertainty
  - Language
  - Next explore the ability to share measurement data (AIP 7). with ESMAP
  - Capacity building
  - Opening to all renewable energies





## **Bioenergy track**

- A REPOSITORY For each individual study, a separate map focused on the studied area, referencing each individual layer, and referencing precisely the source of information, and methodology used to create the dataset.
- The Atlas would also reference information of relevance for stakeholders interested in bioenergy. Base information such as e.g. soil maps, land cover, land use, topography, population density, water resources, others. The information would be accessible through the data catalog.
- SUSTAINABILITY? 1/ inform the users of the Global Atlas GIS of the existence of the GBEP indicators and provide the opportunity to access more detailed information currently accessible only from the GBEP website 2/ guidance document on mapping bioenergy resource [in partnership with GBEP]





### **Geothermal track**

2 consultation workshops – co-organised with IGA, EGEC, GRC, CNR and Enel Greenpower



### Strategy:

- Integrating existing and general datasets to inform policy makers ex. Canada, Australia,
   Alberta, Poland, Spain, Ireland...
- Building synergies with existing data infrastructures ex. US NGDS, EuroGeoSurvey,
   OneGeology
- Sharing knowledge by referencing more detailed datasets ex. Lithology, fractures
- Promoting education by creating a section of the Global Renewable Energy Atlas website.





## Training module – solar and wind

- Typical maps would need to be developed, and stored in the Global Atlas for practical illustrations.
- Take into account climatic conditions.
- To maximize its impact, the content of the training module should be disseminated, in order for universities or energy agencies to adapt the materials to their own needs and use for internal training purposes.
- Several languages should be available.





### **Collaborations of the Global Atlas**

- Solar, Wind Multilateral solar and wind working group of the Clean Energy Ministerial
- **Bioenergy** Global Bioenergy Partnership
- Geothermal International Geothermal Association, Geothermal Research Council, US National Geothermal Data System, OneGeology
- Data standards Global Earth Observation, Open Geospatial Consortium
- **Datasets** private sector, institutes, multilateral initiatives, government agencies















